

THE GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7.

TO-DAY'S ANNIVERSARIES

Born: Buffon, 1707.
Victorian Sardon, 1831.
Queen Elizabeth, 1833.
Dr. Samuel Johnson, 1709.
Died: Mrs. Hannah More, 1833.
Cardinal Guido Bentivoglio, 1641.

Independence of Brazil, 1822.
Twisted arrested at Vigo, Spain, 1876.
Jenny Lind's first appearance in this country at Castle Garden, 1859.

COMMON SENSE AND CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

General John Pope has made a new departure as a writer, having written an article for the current number of the North American Review on "Common sense and civil service reform." In the main the article supports practical principles in civil service, and in it are some suggestions worthy of consideration.

The Gazette does not belong to that class of newspapers that believe in a Miss Nancy style of civil service reform. It does not believe in the Jacksonian doctrine of "to the victors belong the spoils," but it believes in a vigorous, practical, common sense, honest civil service—a service that will put no enemy on guard—and one that will fill all the important and responsible positions with capable and honorable men who are in full sympathy with the administration in power. There is nothing like having friends to represent you in any important enterprise, and so any administration needs its friends—efficient and honest—to share in the responsibility of doing the work connected with the various departments of the government.

One point which General Pope makes is worthy of attention because it is sound in principle, and that is, when a democrat, for instance, votes for a candidate for president, he votes also for a change in all the important offices so that they shall be filled with democrats representing the principles and who are in full sympathy with a democratic administration; and the same may be said of republicans, of course, who vote for a president. Another point is that the administration placed in power is simply the agent of the people to carry out the wishes of a majority of the voters. There is nothing of the "machine" or "spoils" politics in this. It is simply putting friends of the administration on guard—putting them in a position in which they can contribute to the strength and efficiency of the party that is responsible for the management of the government; and as General Pope suggests, it can be safely said that the government of the United States will continue to be carried on by political parties, and that the public offices will be held, as they should be, by the adherents of the party in power. (This is not only right, but it is wise, for this reason, that every administration in this country goes into power to execute some policy which the people have determined upon, and the executive department of the government, its agent, is bound to use all the means placed at its command, within the law, to make this policy successful.) If President Harrison should depend upon democrats to make his administration successful, he would be disappointed, and his administration would be a miserable failure. An enemy of an administration is not going to work for its prosperity and success, and therefore the friends of the party in power are charged with the responsibility of executing the law.

General Pope does not seem to understand the power of congressmen in recommending appointments to office. He suggests that congressmen should have the power to name the appointees to the more numerous class of offices, such, of course, as postmasters, revenue officers, attorneys, and so on, as the congressmen would be better acquainted with the applicants than the president could possibly be. As a rule, and this has been adhered to under many administrations, the congressmen and senators have practically all the appointing power. General Pope has certainly not forgotten the saying of President Lincoln when a contest was going on between two factions of citizens in Iowa over a postoffice. They were very equally divided in strength and character, but one of them was supported by the congressman, and the candidate fortunate enough to have that support secured the office. The leader of the defeated faction thought the president should have acted otherwise, independent of the congressman, and he put this question to him: "Mr. Lincoln, are you really president, or is the congressman?" Mr. Lincoln's prompt reply was, "Well, in this case, it seems that the congressman is president." And so it has been ever since. It is a wise policy that gives the senator and the members of congress this distribution of power. It is the best way to prevent bad appointments, as the rule is that a senator or a member of congress will not knowingly recommend a candidate who is unfit for a responsible office.

There is a good deal of humbug about the so-called civil service reform. It is not practical and not in accordance with the sentiment of the country. Hayes' civil service order No. 1 was a dead failure, and all such orders will be and should be. The people of this country will not give their sanction to that feature of civil service, which professional reformers praise so loudly, that practically disfranchises thousands of intelligent and respectable men because they hold an office. Because a man holds a public trust is no reason why he should be prohibited from taking an active interest in public affairs. A man who cannot trust his tongue or frame his action to match common sense and mainly conduct while he holds an office under the national government, is not fit to be a public servant.

The good people of Albany are still enthusiastic in becoming the pearl industry of that place. For a while the pearls were not worth more than ten cents a bushel, when they appreciated to eight cents a peck; but a recent dispatch says: "Although claims are getting scarce and the divers have to dig in the mud in the bottom of the river, the finds are more numerous and valuable than ever. The largest and by far the most valuable pearl in Wisconsin was found yesterday by W. H. Hahn. The weight of the pearl is 252 grains. A New York buyer offered \$3,500 for it, but his figure was considered too low. Hundreds of small pearls are found and sold daily. The purchasers are agents of Chicago, New York and Paris houses. Within the past two weeks the following noteworthy sales have been made: B. J. McAttee, \$1,122; F. L. Roberts, \$3,420; Hewitt & Warren, \$700; J. O. Lulley, \$1,720; Haliday & Allen, \$900. Visitors and clam hunters are pouring into the village, and the banks of the river for miles are dotted with tents."

Since 1880 the south has never had finer prospects for a good crop. The corn is absolutely made, and whether on upland or bottom is fresh and promising. Cotton is not yet assured, but the present stand is most encouraging, and the recent rains have only helped the crop. Two weeks' seasonable weather will do the work and secure one of the largest and finest yields the south has ever had. Nor does the possibility of rust or other epidemic seem to be at all reasonable. So far as the fruit is concerned, there has been nothing like it since 1865. At this stage of the summer plenty seems to be in store. —Augusta Chronicle.

It is wonderful and refreshing to see that a bourgeois democratic paper gives such a rosewater account of the condition of things in the south under a tariff system. Verily the spirit of the dreams of the old bourgeois is changing.

Another crank is making a bid for notoriety, as will be seen from this item: "The Rev. Dr. Cronin, of Kansas City, has said a most unkind thing of Pontius Pilate. In a sermon at Kansas City last Sunday he declared that Judge Pilate was a corrupt politician of the same class as the spoils politicians of the present day." Probably Dr. Cronin knows about as much concerning "spoils politicians" of the present day, as Adam knew about farming. It is easy for some men who know very little of politics to cry down politicians who fill places of responsibility, while the fact remains that there is no government on the face of the earth which has less corruption attached to it than the government of the United States.

The dock laborers in London get \$122 a day, and those in New York get \$2.50. That is one of the benefits of free trade. —Hartford Courant.

Will some enterprising democratic paper please print the foregoing lesson in simple arithmetic at the head of its editorial column for the benefit of its numerous readers?

The same democratic papers that howled themselves hoarse some years ago about the surplus are now industriously throwing dirt at Corporal Tanner for reducing said surplus. —Chicago Tribune.

The democrat don't care so much about spending the surplus, but they don't want it paid out for pensions.

Charles Molleshead, who was wounded on the Fessenden during the naval battle in Milwaukee, is dead. He was the only victim of that memorable engagement.

PERSONAL MATTERS.

Miss Jessie Chamberlain, of Cleveland, Ohio, known in Europe as the American beauty, has just been married to Lieutenant Herbert Leyland, of the Life Guards, in London. "The buttons" appear to have a peculiar fascination for beauty the world over.

Gen. Hooker, congressman from Mississippi, lost his right arm during the war. He was on the confederate side. Maj. Powell, chief of the geological survey, lost his left arm, he being on the union side. Now both these gentlemen, who are intimate, by one pair of kid gloves between them, their hands being the same size.

J. T. Trobridge, whose stories for boys have made him famous, was born in 1827 in western New York. He taught himself Latin, French and German. He writes at the present time almost wholly for the Youth's Companion, and makes a handsome income. He is a tall, fresh-looking man, with a very pleasant face. His hair is white, but otherwise he does not show his years. He has never cared for society and lives in retirement in Boston. He has a taste for speculation, but has never indulged in it to any great extent.

Over the pulpit at the funeral of Mrs. Julia Thomas Christian, only daughter of Stonewall Jackson, who died at Charlotte, N. C., last Saturday, was the confederate flag carried by General Jackson, and with which his body was wrapped. On the right and left side of the pulpit three rifles were stacked, and lying at the head of the casket, and directly by the side of it, was the sword carried by General Jackson. The deceased was 28 years old. Her husband, W. E. Christian, is editor of the Charlotte Democrat.

At the risk of provoking a smile at our sympathy, says Dr. J. M. Buckley, we will relate that long years ago, when we thought that great men, if they speak at all, always speak words of wisdom, we followed Tennyson who was accompanied by a lady and two children, about the South Kensington museum for two hours and a half, hoping that he would speak. At last he made signs as if he were about to do so. Hoping to hear some criticism of a painting we listened intently, and these memorable words fell from the lips of England's poet laureate: "You take care of the children while I go and get some beer."

The largest and best assortment of curtains and shade cloth at Sutherland's bookstore.

NAGLE TELLS HIS STORY.

HIS ACCOUNT OF THE TERRY TRAGEDY.

A Pastor Leaves a Wife and Two Children.—The Hamilton Conspirators.—Criminal Matters.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 7.—The testimony in the Nagle case closed with Nagle's evidence, and it was continued until next Wednesday, when the question of jurisdiction will be argued. Nagle testified that Terry had struck Field twice and was in the act of striking again when witness ordered him to stop. "As he turned his glance upon me," witness continued, "he looked like an infuriated beast. His clenched fist immediately sought my bosom. Believing my life was in danger, I immediately drew my pistol with my left hand, and, catching it with my right, fired two shots in quick succession, and Terry fell to the floor. I believe Terry would have cut me to pieces, and perhaps Justice Field, if I had not acted promptly. He looked like a madman. I know he had always carried a knife, and I believed he had one on him then. I know him to be a giant in strength and proposed to take no chances with him. For that reason I held my pistol in both hands so that he could not take it away from me. After the shooting was over and I had got Justice Field on the train I told the conductor to look out for Mrs. Terry, for I did not like to injure a woman, but would surely protect Justice Field."

A PASTOR'S PERIPHY.

A Minister Leaves His Family and Runs Away with a Girl.

CHICAGO, Sept. 7.—The residents of Wauconda, a little village in Lake county, are greatly interested in a letter which was up over the eloquence of the pastor of the Baptist church, the Rev. Joseph K. Griffiths, with Miss Anna Tidmarsh, a young lady who lived next door to him. He leaves an estimable wife and two children, who have the hearty sympathy of the entire community.

Griffiths became pastor of the Baptist church at Wauconda several months ago, having come there from Toronto, Canada, bringing letters of recommendation and introduction from Baptist people. He was well liked as a pastor and has pronounced gifts as a pulpit orator. Since coming to Wauconda his wife became much interested in Miss Tidmarsh, who is a remarkably bright girl of pleasing face and manners, and invited her frequently to her home.

About six weeks ago Mrs. Griffiths concluded that her husband was becoming intimate with the young lady, and called him to account. Upon which he promised reformation. Last Tuesday afternoon the Rev. Griffiths went to Barrington, telling his wife that he intended to be present at a social gathering. At Barrington he hired a horse and buggy and that evening returned to Wauconda and drove to the home of Miss Tidmarsh. Not fifty feet from where his wife was sleeping he was met by the young lady, who had with her all her belongings and \$100 of her mother's money. Where they have gone no one knows. The young lady left a letter saying that she was going away with her pastor, bidding the family good-by, and asking that no one would blame "Joe." Mrs. Griffiths is left with her two little boys wholly unprotected for, her recent husband having taken every cent of money in the house, even to her jewelry.

KILLED HIS WOULD-BE SLAYER.

Billy Murphy, an Ex-Convict, Shot by a Former Detective.

DENVER, Col., Sept. 7.—Timothy Stocking, a faro-dealer in the Arcade gambling hall, shot dead Billy Murphy, an ex-convict of the jail (Ill.) penitentiary, early this morning.

The circumstances leading up to the murder are something of a romance. In 1883 Miss Williams, a beautiful young girl, went to Chicago from a small town in Wisconsin. There she met Billy Murphy, a plumber, who fell madly in love with her. The young girl did not return his affection, and soon afterward she married Timothy Stocking, a member of Pinkerton's force. Murphy took to drink and a couple of months after the wedding was caught attempting to burglarize a residence and sentenced to five years imprisonment. Stocking being the principal witness of the prosecution, Murphy swore he would kill both Stocking and his wife as soon as he could gain his liberty. After his release he followed the couple over the country, finally locating them in Denver.

About 1 o'clock this morning Stocking was awakened by some one knocking at the front door, and going to the entrance he asked who was there. Being informed it was Billy Murphy, Stocking looked behind the blinds and saw the man with a huge knife. Stocking picked up a shotgun and fired the contents into Murphy's face and neck, literally tearing them to pieces. Murphy staggered back to the gate and fell on the walk a corpse. Stocking was arrested and locked up. The dead man had a father living on Blue Island avenue in Chicago and a cousin and brother in the same city, both of whom are quite wealthy and influential citizens.

OFFERED TO BUY A JUDGE.

Serious Chicago Against a Politician.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 7.—Prosecuting Attorney James L. Donohue charged in the police court that Phillip Grinnings and Fire Commissioner Martin Kelly, well known politicians, had offered to sell Judge Joachimson's decision in the Kenny murder case for \$1,000. The father and another relative of young Kenny, who stabbed and killed James Mase several weeks ago testified that ex-Senator J. K. E. Wilson, Kenny's lawyer, told them that Grinnings and Kelly had offered for \$1,000 to obtain a decision favorable to the prisoner, and also promised that if the grand jury should find the matter up afterward that they would reach District Attorney Page. Judge Joachimson instructed Prosecuting Attorney Long to lay the matter before the grand jury at once and push the investigation. Grinnings and Kelly both deny the charges.

CONSPIRATORS IN COURT.

Robert Ray Hamilton Appears to Prosecute Mrs. Swinton and Josh Mann. New York, Sept. 7.—Mrs. Swinton and Joshua Mann, arraigned at the Tombs police court on a charge of grand larceny, and Robert Ray Hamilton was called as the first witness against them. The testimony revealed that Hamilton lived with Mrs. Mann three or four years previous to their marriage; that he frequently gave her money for her support; that he never suspected that child which now bears his name was not his own, but he did suspect that Mrs. Swinton and Mann were conspiring some time in last June to obtain some of his money. Inspector Byrne told the story already printed about the babies, and related what Mann told him about his trip to Elmhurst with Mrs. Mann when they lived together as man and wife.

PLUMBING,

—AND—

GAS FITTING.

Steam and Hot Water Heating.

PUMPS

AND REPAIRS.

Sewer and Cesspool Building

MEASUR, Dennis Dana, is missing and that he has probably absconded with a large sum of money. Mr. Dana's absence was discovered while the directors were waiting for the opening of a meeting of the board. A hasty examination of the accounts was made and they were found to be in a very bad state. The liabilities of the company are chiefly to banks. The company was capitalized at \$400,000.

MURDER MYSTERY AT DETROIT.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 7.—An investigation made by the police into the mysterious disappearance on Sunday night of a German servant girl, whose name is supposed to be Anna Klink, tends to show that she has met with foul play. On the night in question cries of murder, followed by the sounds of rapid firing, were heard coming from a rowboat near Belle Isle. A few moments later a watchman met two men rowing a boat. In response to the question as to what had become of the woman they said they knew nothing of any woman and were looking for a boat. Subsequent investigation showed that no boat was missing, and the police believe that the girl was murdered. The river is being dragged for the body.

REMARKABLE TRIAL AT FORT SMITH.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. 7.—A remarkable trial has commenced in the Federal court at Fort Smith. Five Creek Indians are charged with the murder of Deputy United States Marshal McIntosh in Indian Territory last November. None of the principals and but few witnesses speak English. The testimony is being interpreted.

NO CRIMINALS YET.

CHICAGO, Sept. 7.—The work of examining taken from the Cronin jurors, goes steadily and warily along. Freeman Gross, who had, it was supposed, been accepted by both sides, was challenged by the State and let go. Over a week has now been spent in getting a jury and the first man has not been secured.

AN ALLEGED COUNTERFEITER ARRESTED.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—Chief Bell of the secret service has received a telegram from Agent M. G. Bauer of Cincinnati, Ohio, saying that he arrested Henry Norton at South Moscow, Ky., yesterday for passing counterfeit silver dollars.

TRYING TO END THE STRIKE.

London Officials of High Degree Will Hold a Conference.

LONDON, Sept. 7.—The Lord Mayor, Cardinal Manning, Bishop of London, Sir Thomas Brassey, and Sir John Lubbock will hold a conference to-day with the officials of the dock companies and will endeavor to arrange some settlement of the strike by which the strikers can return to work in a body.

Not more than a quarter of the men out on strike have found work with the wharfingers and shipowners, and the rest are becoming impatient and some are discontented with the management of the strike. A section of ship workers have decided to seek personal interviews with the officers of the dock companies, against Burns' advice.

These dissensions are helping the dock companies and causing a relaxation of the discipline of the strikers. Pickets are not so vigilant or effective as formerly, and many men are passing into the gates and accepting work at the dock-masters' terms. Burns is undaunted and refuses to allow any direct communication with the dock directors and implores the men to maintain an "unbroken front, now that victory is within their grasp."

THE LAUNCHING OF THE SHIP.

It Will Be Witnessed at Philadelphia by Several Washington Officials.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—The Washington party which will witness the launching of the steel cruiser Philadelphia Saturday, will leave here in a special car attached to the 7:30 a. m. train.

Secretary Tracy will not be present, and Commodore J. G. Walker, chief of the bureau of navigation, will represent him. In the party will be Rear Admiral Greer and Jettie, Capt. Howison, president of the steel board; Commodore Wilson, chief of the bureau of construction and repair; Capt. Heiborn and his assistant, Chief Engineer Melville; Lieut. Stanton, assistant judge advocate general; Lieut. Schenck, superintendent of compasses; Paymaster-General Eaton, and others. There will also be present several army and diplomatic officials.

The launching will take place at 11:30 a. m. It is probable that the daughter of Postmaster-General Wamminger will break the bottle on the vessel's deck.

FULL WEIGHT PURE

DR. PRICE'S

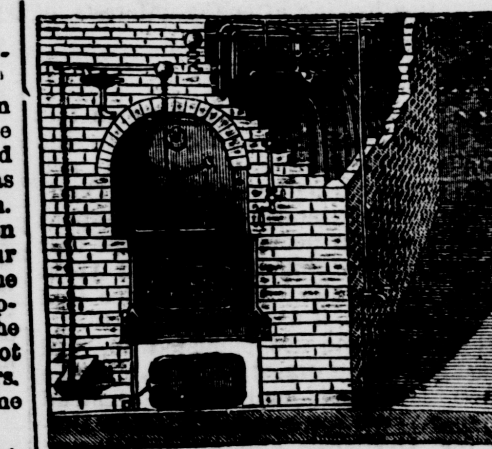
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Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a century. It is issued by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities, the Strongest, Purest, and most healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime, or any other injurious element. PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.



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—AND—

GAS FITTING.

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PUMPS

AND REPAIRS.

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Milwaukee Clothing Co.

have already established a reputation for good goods and low prices; for the fall trade of 1889 they have the most complete stock ever exhibited in Janesville. The stock includes fine tailor made clothing, for men, and boys manufactured by ourselves.

We Save You Jobbers' Profits!

Look at Our Prices.

Men's Business Suits, worth \$10 and \$12, our price, \$7.00. Twelve Styles to select from.

Fine Worsted and Cassimere Suits, at \$10 to \$15, worth from \$15 to \$25. Twenty styles to select from.

Men's Pants 2, 2.50, 3.00, up to \$6. The best value ever offered.

Boys' Suits 2, 2.50, 3, 3.50 up to \$8, worth 25 per cent. more money.

Boys Knee Pants, 25, 50, 75c, & \$1

Special sale of boys' & children's school suits.

Bring in you children before school opens A very large line of Gents' furnishing Goods,

Hats, Caps, Trunks, Valises, and other goods belonging to a first class clothing store. Our motto— wholesale prices for cash at retail.

Call and see us. Milwaukee Clothing Co., Janesville, Wis.

M. RUKEYSER, Manager.

HANCHETT & SHELDON,

Dealers at wholesale and retail, have now on hand the large and best selected stock of

HARDWARE!

Iron, Wagon Stock, Nails, Builder's Hardware,

STOVES, TIN WARE, ETC.

To be found in Southern Wisconsin, and will make prices on same that will defy competition. Among their specialties in stoves this season may be found the celebrated

WEST - POINT - PARLOR - HEATER!

Favorite Wood and Coal Ranges and Stoves,

GOLD MEDAL AND MAGIC JEWEL

COOK STOVES. Monitor Oak and the best and cheaper lines of coal and wood heaters in the market. Don't fail to examine our stock before buying.

Remember First Class Shop with experienced Workmen.

Elegant Smyrna Rugs!

AT

PRICES - WAY - DOWN!

and within reach of everybody. Big drive on

Lace Curtains, Bed Sets and Spreads

We are replenishing our counter bargains, which went with such a rush, as fast as possible, from the New York market. We shall always be ready to give you a square deal and big values for your money. Remember the place

New York Bargain Store,

East Side of South Main Street, Myers Block.

Neckwear.

We are showing an exceptionally fine line of the newest and correct shapes in gentleman's Neckwear. Largest stock ever in the city.

Clothing.

Fall stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing now in We shall make it to your advantage to trade with us. Hustlers for trade.

Overcoats.

Over 400 to select from, of which we have 150 left from the Foote & Wilcox stock, which will be sold for less than manufacturer's cost.

Underwear.

Early purchasers of fine Underwear can save 33 per cent. by buying of us.

HATS.

No finer line in the city. Sold at our usual low price.

FRANK H. BAACK & CO.

22 West Milwaukee Street.

GARLAND

STOVES

AND

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We will show this fall the most complete stock of Heating and Cook Stoves ever shown in this city. Our prices are always the lowest. TINWORK OF ALL KINDS.

STOVES BLACKED AND SET UP.

KIMBALL HARDWARE CO.

F. W. DOUGLAS, Manager

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FURNITURE!

Chamber Suits, Parlor Suits, Book Cases, Side Boards, Folding Beds, Extension Tables.

PICTURE FRAMES made TO ORDER.

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ALL WOOL CASSIMERE

— AND —
SCOTCH :: CHEVIOT :: SUITS.

In Plaids, Checks, Mixtures and Plain Designs. They are absolutely

FAULTLESS IN STYLE AND FIT!

In fact they are equal to

The Finest Custom Made.

As we got them so do we offer them.

A BARGAIN RICH AND RARE.

\$10 AND \$12!

Will secure your choice of

ELEVEN DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

There is not a suit in the outfit worth less than 15 00 to \$18 00.

THEY CANNOT BE DUPLICATED!

at any price outside of our house. They were invoiced to us as Big Bargain. As a Big Bargain we make the price at

\$10 AND \$12.

T. J. ZIEGLER,

Reliable Clothier, Hatter and Gents' Furnisher, Smith's Block
Janesville, Wisconsin.

FOREST :: PARK

Lots bought at present prices are

The Best Investment in Janesville!

The slightest investigation will convince you that the most valuable improvements are being made in the Third ward, and so it will continue to be. Surely

There's Money in Lots at \$300!

within three blocks of the high school, especially when lots one block from the school sell for \$1,600. The natural trees and graded streets, too are not found elsewhere at the price. Great place for children; just turn em loose.

GOODS WERE NEVER SOLD SO CHEAP.

SMALL EXPENSES AND HARD WORK!

enables me to sell goods at a small percentage of profit.

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HARDWARE

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All Kinds of Tin Work Done Quickly and Nicely.

SPLENDID AND PENINSULAR

STOVES AND RANGES,

Economy and Richardson & Boynton's

Furnaces, Screen Doors and Windows.

in fact a full stock, well assorted, and prices are right

E. W. LOWELL,

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Leading Insurance Companies!

OF AMERICA AND EUROPE.

They can truthfully be said to be

TIME - TRIED - AND - FIRE - TESTED,

ALSO THE

Travelers' Accident Insurance Company,

THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD. Thankful for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I am,

Very Respectfully,

SILAS HAYNER, Agent.

THE OLD RELIABLE INSURANCE AGENCY.

At this agency is represented many of the Sound, Solid Old Companies of this country and England, among them are

The Sun of London, England.

The oldest stock Insurance company in the world, and one of the largest.

Organized in 1794. I have in my office a fac simile of the first policy ever issued by this sterling and company, dated Hartford, Feb. 8th, 1794, which is well worth examination. With its millions of assets, great experience, and the fair and honorable manner which this company has at all times adhered to, it is a great asset to the policyholder. All my business has been through all the great fires for years past, including those of Chicago and Boston, and have always paid one hundred cents on the dollar and always will.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.

I also have a special policy for dwellings and contents, the shortest and best ever issued. All policies written at lowest possible rates. Please call at my office opposite Rock County National Bank

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Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best blood purifier before the public. It eradicates every impurity, and cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Boils, Pimples, all Humors, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Indigestion, General Debility, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Complaints, overcomes that tired feeling, creates an appetite, and builds up the system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has met peculiar and unparalleled success at home. Such has become its popularity in Lowell, Mass., where it is made, that whole neighborhoods are taking it at the same time. Lowell druggists sell more of Hood's Sarsaparilla than of all other sarsaparilla or blood purifiers. Sold by druggists, \$1.00 per bottle. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

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instructor of superior ability, and a gentleman

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FRANKLIN SONNEKALB,

Former pupil of Joseph, and pianist of Canille

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teething. 25c a bottle.

THE WASHINGTON BUDGET

ARMY DESERTIONS AND THEIR REMEDY.

Recommendations of Adj. Gen. McKeever Applied to the Army.

Offices—Capital Gossip.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—The subject of desertion from the army will be treated at length in the forthcoming report of the Secretary of War. Various reforms are suggested by the Adj. Gen. to reduce the percentage of desertion from 15.8 in 1887 to 11.6 in 1889. Of these desertions 95 per cent occurred among men serving their first and second year of enlistment. The desertions from Jefferson Barracks, Mo., during the last three years have been respectively 236, 244 and 250. Assistant Adj. Gen. General Schwan, at the request of Secretary of War, has prepared a plan to still further lessen the evils of desertion. It gives to all peace officers authority to arrest deserters without warrants or military orders, and authorizes the commission to the service of "recaptors" or professional deserters, and provides that one-third of the soldier's pay for the first year should be retained until his discharge and forfeited if he does not serve out his term. It also provides for the adoption of the British custom of permitting enlisted men to purchase their discharge.

Acting Adj. Gen. McKeever, in an opinion upon the subject, gives as the chief causes of desertion: Disappointment at the realities of military life; the employment of the soldier on laborer's work without extra pay; the inequality of punishments as inflicted by courts martial; bad company administration; sometimes tyrannical conduct toward enlisted men by officers; and more especially first sergeants. He also believes that the largest number of deserters are American-born. The following remedial measures are suggested: Limit the term of service to the first enlistment to three years and re-enlistment to five years; grant discharges on payment of certain sums, graded according to length of service; discharge men found to be incorrigibly bad without character, and thus bar their re-entry into the service; secure a graded code of punishments for the guilty soldier; authorize the use of a better class of non-commissioned officers, and especially first sergeants, by increasing their pay; make the arrest and punishment of deserters more certain; and, present by increasing the reward for their apprehension and delivery from \$40 to \$100.

Appointed to Office.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—The President has made the following appointments:

Thomas H. H. Barratt, Major, to be acting resident and consul-general to Bolivia.

Consuls—Joseph T. Mason of Virginia, at Mannheim; Bernard C. McAuley, at New York, at Athens.

Amel Palmer of the District of Columbia, at Dresden; John D. DeLille of Texas, at Bristol.

Secretaries of Legation—Edwin Dun, to Japan; Arthur W. Barrett, to Massachusetts; to Venezuela; William B. Gardner, to Indiana, second secretary of legation to Japan.

United Against the Bell Company.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—The suit of the United States against the Bell telephone company has assumed a more definite aspect.

The government charges the Bell company with the use of methods by which its patents were obtained, and alleged that the company had no right to the patents, however honestly obtained, because of the priority of the invention by Daniel Drawbaugh.

Senator Frank Jones, John R. Bartlett, and Henry C. Andrews, as trustees, also late control of all the rights held by the People's telephone company. This seems a unification of all the interests which formerly fought Bell separately.

FUNERAL OF DR. DARRAH.

The Past Grand Master of Illinois Masons Buried With Honors.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Sept. 7.—The body of Dr. Alexander T. Darrah of this city, Past Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Masons of Illinois, was buried Friday with Masonic honors. A great number of Illinois Masons and members of the medical profession and Gov. Fifer, Secretary Reeves and Mr. Hatch were present.

The funeral procession was headed by the band of De Molay commandery, and consisted of all the Masonic organizations of the city, including De Molay commandery.

The Masonic ceremonies were conducted by Grand Master John C. Smith of Chicago, and were most solemn and impressive.

MILLIONAIRES SUBSCRIBE.

Five Wealthy Men Take a Half Million of World's Fair Stock.

CHICAGO, Sept. 7.—It is announced that George M. Pullman has secured for \$100,000 of stock in the world's fair proposed to be held here in 1892, on condition that four other similar subscriptions be secured, and that four other millionaires, including Field and Armstrong, will each take the \$100,000 needed to make Mr. Pullman's subscription effective.

A Railroad Charter Revoked.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Justice Mayham, in the Supreme court yesterday, handed down a decision which will have the effect of revoking the charter of the Broadway railroad company of Brooklyn. He holds that the company has surrendered all the corporate privileges granted by the state to it. He perpetually bars it from exercising any of its corporate rights and enjoins and restricts it from constructing any railroad. The company failed to lay tracks or maintain a railroad as agreed to.

Back to the Capital.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 7.—After planting a chestnut tree Friday morning on Postmaster-General Wanamaker's grounds at his country residence at Jenkintown, President Harrison started for Philadelphia in a private car containing only the President and the postmaster-general. On arriving here the car was attached to the Washington express, which left at 11:30.

Mrs. Harrison did not go to Washington, but remains here till Monday as Mrs. Wanamaker's guest.

Gladstone at the Paris Exposition.

PARIS, Sept. 6.—Mr. Gladstone visited the Exposition yesterday morning. He was presented with specimens of Indian art. Replying to a speech of welcome, he said that the universe was indebted to the strong republic for an exhibition which formed a veritable school for the people of the world.

Henry N. Genet Dead.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—Henry N. Genet's condition was so critical last night that his death was hourly expected, and his family remained at his bedside throughout the night. Early this morning he showed some improvement, but this was only temporary, and shortly before 10 o'clock he died.

The Grand Prerequisite of Vigor.

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